Periodical Articles
(Journals, Magazines, Newspapers)

Citation must include author(s), if named, including first name(s); title of article in quotation marks; title of periodical, underlined; volume (followed by a period and then issue number, if given); date of article (often year only needed) in parentheses and followed by a colon; pages of article. If no author is named, begin the citation with the title of the article. Use underlining rather than italics for titles of periodicals.

_____________________________. “_________________________________________.” ____________

Author(s)—Last name(s), First name(s), MI                      Title of article, in quotation marks                                           Title of Per-

iodical (underlined)                                      Vol. ( underlined) Issue   Date of vol.   Pages of article

Full-text online from database (such as ScienceDirect) —with more than 3 authors

Citation must include all of the above AND the name of the database used, underlined, where the database was accessed, the date the article was retrieved, and the URL of the database’s homepage, if known. If there are more than three authors, all are named, OR et al. is used for all others after the first.

EXAMPLE

Journal article—copied from or read in paper or microform, identified through use of a periodicals database such as PsychINFO, ERIC or Social Sciences Abstracts

Citation must NOT include the name of the database used.

EXAMPLE

Magazine article

Citation must include all of the above (see top paragraph on this page) AND the date of the article must be the complete date of the issue, but the volume number is not included.

EXAMPLE

Abstract (of journal article)—Entire article not read—with “Path” rather than URL

Citation must include all of the above, AND the word “Abstract,” the date of retrieval, source of the abstract, and how to find it (not its URL)—used when the database was accessed through a library.

EXAMPLE
Web Sites

Citation must include the name of the site’s author, if s/he/it can be identified; the title of the page, underlined; the date the page was last updated (preferred) or the date it was created, if either can be found; the date it was retrieved and used by the person citing the page; and the page’s complete URL (in angle brackets). “…writers must often settle for citing whatever information is available to them.” MLA Handbook, 5th ed.

Web Site with author and date

Author—might be corporation, association, organization. Title of page (underlined) Date of page

Date retrieved (viewed) Complete URL (Web address)

EXAMPLE

Web site, no author identified, no date given

EXAMPLE

Books

Citation must include author(s), if named, last & first name(s) w/middle initial(s) if given (editors can be considered authors); title of book—with edition only if other than first; city of publication and state if necessary (2-letter abbreviation); name of publisher—shortened if possible; date of book, year only.

Author(s)—Last name(s), First name(s), MI(s) Title of book, underlined, all important words capitalized City

of publication, state, if necessary Publisher Year of publication

Book, entire

EXAMPLE

Chapter in an edited book

Citation must include all of the above AND the author(s) and title of the chapter and its inclusive page numbers at the end of the citation. Notice that the editor(s) of the book are named, using “Ed.”

EXAMPLE

Information from online Reference book

Citation must include all of the above AND the date retrieved, the Web site used, its URL or “path.”

EXAMPLE

Information from print Reference book

Citation must include all elements as in “Chapter in an edited book” except page numbers.

EXAMPLE